## The fuzzy-valued Choquet integral of functions with respect to fuzzy-valued fuzzy measures

Caimei Guo<sup>a</sup> and Deli Zhang<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Dept. of Basic Science, Changchun Univ. Changchun, Jilin, 130022, P.R.China <sup>b</sup>Dept. of Math. Jilin Prov. Inst. of Education, Changchun, Jilin, 130022, P.R.China

It is well-known that the theory of fuzzy-valued integrals<sup>[6]</sup>, fuzzy-valued fuzzy integrals<sup>[2]</sup> have been built up, it is necessary to study the Choquet integral<sup>[1]</sup> valued in fuzzy numbers. In this paper, a theory of Choquet integral of functions with respect to fuzzy-valued fuzzy measures will be shown.

Throughout the paper, the following symbols and notations will be used. X is a classical set, A is a G-algebra formed by the subsets of X, (X, A) is the measurable space, F(X) is the set of all nonnegative measurable functions from X to  $R^+=[0, \infty)$ ,  $\mu:A \to R^+$  is a fuzzy measure under Sugeno' sense, (c)  $\int_A f d\mu$  is the Choquet integral, M(X) denotes the set of all fuzzy measures on (X, A).

We adopt the concepts about interval number, fuzzy number, interval-number fuzzy measure, fuzzy number fuzzy measure, in [2]. For the sake of brief, they are omitted

**Definition 1** Let  $f \in F(X)$ ,  $A \in A$ ,  $\overline{\mu} \in \overline{M}(X)$ , then the Choquet

integral of f on A with respect to  $\bar{\mu}$  is defined as

$$(c)\int_{A} f d\overline{\mu} = [(c)\int_{A} f d\mu^{-}, (c)\int_{A} f d\mu^{+}]$$

**Definition 2** Let  $f \in F(X)$ ,  $A \in A$ ,  $\widetilde{\mu} \in \widetilde{M}(X)$ . Then the Choquet integral of f on A with respect to  $\widetilde{\mu}$  is defined as

$$\left((c)\int_{A}fd\widetilde{\mu}\right)(r)=\sup\left\{\lambda\in\left(0,1\right]:r\in\left(c\right)\int_{A}fd\overline{\mu}_{\lambda}\right\}.$$

If  $(c) \int_A f d\tilde{\mu} < \infty$ , then f is said to be integrable on A with respect to  $\tilde{\mu}$ 

Theorem 1 Let  $f \in F(X)$ ,  $A \in A$ ,  $\widetilde{\mu} \in \widetilde{M}(X)$ . If f is integrable on A with respect to  $\widetilde{\mu}$ , then  $(c) \int f d\widetilde{\mu} \in \widetilde{R}^+$ , and

$$\left((c)\int_{A}fd\widetilde{\mu}\right)_{\lambda}=\int_{A}fd\overline{\mu}_{\lambda}\,,\qquad\lambda\in\left(0,1\right]$$

Theorem 2 The Choquet integral of functions with respect to fuzzy number fuzzy measures has the following properties:

- (i)  $f \le g$  implies  $(c) \int_A f d\widetilde{\mu} \le (c) \int_A g d\widetilde{\mu}$ ;
- (ii)  $A \subset B$  implies  $(c) \int_{A} f d\widetilde{\mu} \leq (c) \int_{B} f d\widetilde{\mu}$ ;
- (iii)  $(c)\int afd\widetilde{\mu} = a(c)\int fd\widetilde{\mu};$
- (iv) If  $\tilde{\mu}$  is a additive fuzzy number measure<sup>[11]</sup>, then the fuzzy-valued Choquet integral coincides with the fuzzy-valued Lebesgue integral<sup>[11]</sup>.

$$(c)\int f d\widetilde{\mu} = (L)\int f d\widetilde{\mu}$$

(v)  $(c)\int_A I_A d\widetilde{\mu} = \widetilde{\mu}(A)$ ,  $A \in A$ ,  $I_A$  denotes the characteristic function of A.

## Corollary 1

(i) 
$$(c) \int (f \vee g) d\widetilde{\mu} \ge (c) \int f d\widetilde{\mu} \vee (c) \int g d\widetilde{\mu}$$
;

(ii) 
$$(c) \int_{A} (f \wedge g) d\widetilde{\mu} \geq (c) \int_{A} f d\widetilde{\mu} \wedge (c) \int_{A} g d\widetilde{\mu}$$
;

(iii) 
$$(c) \int_{A \cup B} f d\widetilde{\mu} \ge (c) \int_{A} f d\widetilde{\mu} \lor (c) \int_{B} f d\widetilde{\mu};$$

(iv) 
$$(c) \int_{A \cap B} f d\widetilde{\mu} \leq (c) \int_{A} f d\widetilde{\mu} \wedge (c) \int_{B} f d\widetilde{\mu};$$

**Definition 3** A set  $N \in A$  is called a null-set with respect to  $\widetilde{\mu}$  iff  $\widetilde{\mu}(A \cup N) = \widetilde{\mu}(A)$ , for all  $A \in A$ .

**Theorem 3** If  $W^c$  is a null set, then for every measurable function f,

$$(c)\int_{A} f d\widetilde{\mu} = (c)\int_{A} f_{w} d\widetilde{\mu}_{w}$$

Where  $f_{w}$  is the restriction of f on W, and  $\tilde{\mu}_{w}$  is similar.

Theorem 4 Give a measurable set N the following conditions are equivalent,

- (i) N is a null set;
- (ii)  $(c) \int_X f d\mu = (c) \int_X g d\mu$ , for all  $f, g \in F(X)$ , such that f(x) = g(x);  $\forall x \in N^c$

**Theorem 5** Let  $\{f_n(n \ge 1), f\} \subset F(X), \{\widetilde{\mu}_n(n \ge 1), \widetilde{\mu}\} \subset \widetilde{M}(X)$ . If  $f_n \uparrow f, \widetilde{\mu}_n \uparrow \widetilde{\mu}$ , then

$$(c)\int_{A}f_{n}d\widetilde{\mu}_{n}\uparrow(c)\int_{A}fd\widetilde{\mu}$$

**Theorem 6** Let  $\{f_n(n \ge 1), f\} \subset F(X), \{\widetilde{\mu}_n(n \ge 1), \widetilde{\mu}\} \subset \widetilde{M}(X)$ . If there exists a  $n_0 \in N$ , such that  $(c) \int_A f_{n_0} d\widetilde{\mu}_{n_0} < \infty$ , and  $f_n \downarrow f, \widetilde{\mu}_n \downarrow \widetilde{\mu}$ ,

then

$$(c)\int_{A}f_{n}d\widetilde{\mu}_{n}\downarrow(c)\int_{A}fd\widetilde{\mu}$$

**Corollary 2** Let  $\{f_n(n \ge 1), f\} \subset F(X), \widetilde{\mu} \in \widetilde{M}(X)$ .

(i) If 
$$f_n \uparrow f$$
, then  

$$(c) \int_A f_n d\widetilde{\mu} \uparrow (c) \int_A f d\widetilde{\mu}$$

(ii) If there exists a  $n_0 \in N$ , such

that 
$$(c) \int_A f_{n_0} d\widetilde{\mu}_{n_0} < \infty$$
, and  $f_n \downarrow f$ , then

$$(c)\int_{A}f_{n}d\widetilde{\mu} \downarrow (c)\int_{A}fd\widetilde{\mu}$$

Concluding remark. Up to here, the theory of the Chqouet integral of functions with respect to fuzzy number fuzzy measures is built up. It is a kind of fuzzy-valued Choquet integral, which made the number valued Choquet integral as a special case. In a subsequent one, we will show the theory of Choquet integral of fuzzy-valued functions with respect to fuzzy number fuzzy number fuzzy measures.

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