

ON THE GEOMETRICAL INTERPRETATIONS OF THE INTUITIONISTIC FUZZY LOGICAL OBJECTS. Part 1.

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Following the ideas from [1] we shall introduce a second geometrical interpretation of the Intuitionistic Fuzzy Logical (IFL-) objects (see e.g. [2-4]).

Let a set S of propositions be fixed. Let the truth-valued function V be defined as follows. For $p \in S$:

$$V(p) = \langle \mu(p), \gamma(p) \rangle,$$

where the functions $\mu: S \rightarrow [0, 1]$ and $\gamma: S \rightarrow [0, 1]$ define the degrees of validity and of non-validity and

$$0 \leq \mu(p)^2 + \gamma(p)^2 \leq 1.$$

Obviously, in the case of the ordinary fuzzy logic it is valid that:

$$V(p) = \langle \mu(p), \sqrt{1 - \mu(p)^2} \rangle.$$

If

$$\pi_A(x) = \sqrt{1 - \mu_A(x)^2 - \gamma_A(x)^2},$$

then $\pi(x)$ is the degree of indeterminacy of the proposition p .

In the case of the ordinary fuzzy logic, $\pi(p) = 0$ for every $p \in S$.

Obviously, for all real numbers $a, b \in [0, 1]$, if

$$0 \leq a + b \leq 1$$

then

$$0 \leq a^2 + b^2 \leq 1.$$

Hence for the newly generated function V , more of the above defined operations, relations and operators will be valid. Thus we shall discuss only some of the geometrical interpretations of the IFL-objects.

Contrary to the first geometrical interpretation of the IFL-objects (see [5]), the new geometrical interpretation has the form shown in Fig. 1.

Let the interpretation (evaluation) function is noted with W , where $W: S \rightarrow F'$.

Here, the inequality

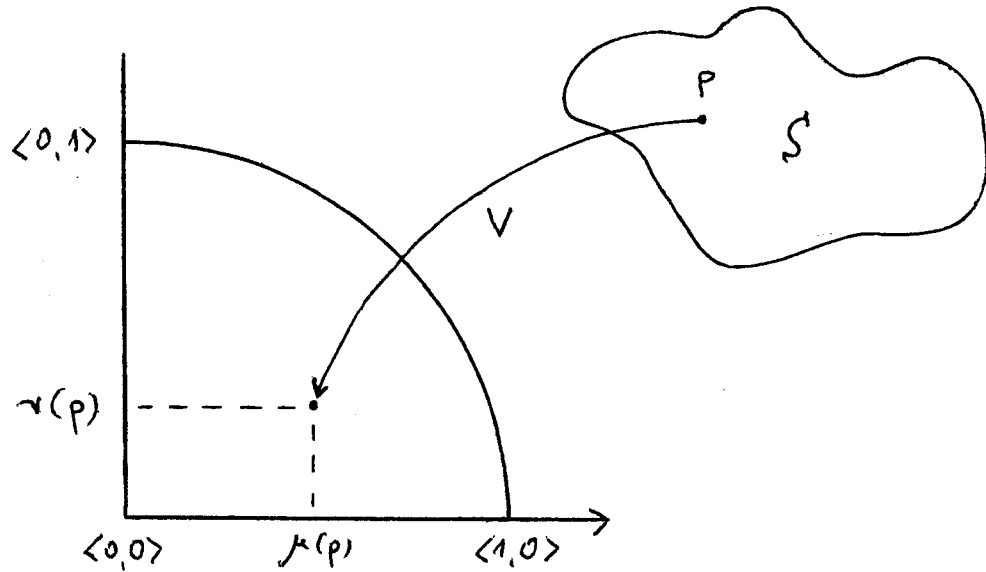


Fig. 1

$$0 \leq a + b \leq 1$$

between the coordinates $\langle a, b \rangle$ of the point $V(p) \in F$ is changed to the inequation

$$0 \leq a^2 + b^2 \leq 1$$

between the coordinates $\langle a, b \rangle$ of the point $W(p) \in F'$.

Below we shall show the geometrical interpretation of the operators \square , \diamond , D_α and $F_{\alpha, \beta}$ (see Fig. 2-5, respectively) because the geometrical interpretation of the other operators and of the operations over the IFL-objects are almost identical with the above ones and with these from [5] and the difference is only in the form of the figure F' .

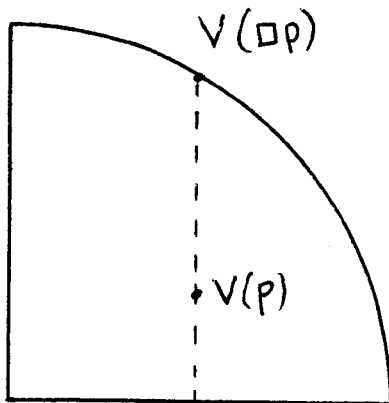


Fig. 2

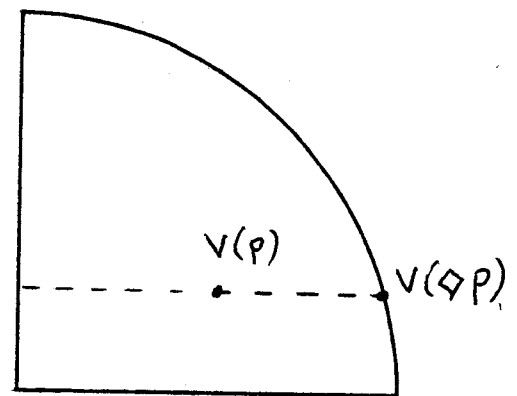


Fig. 3

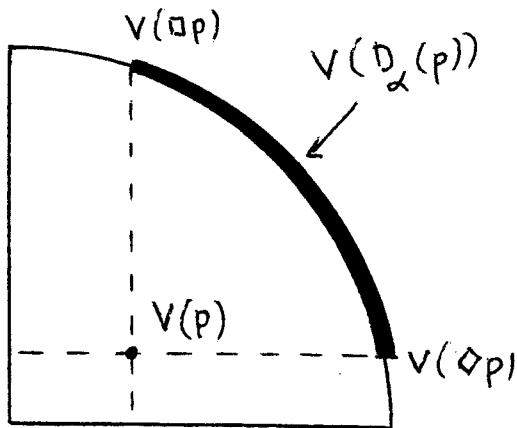


Fig. 4

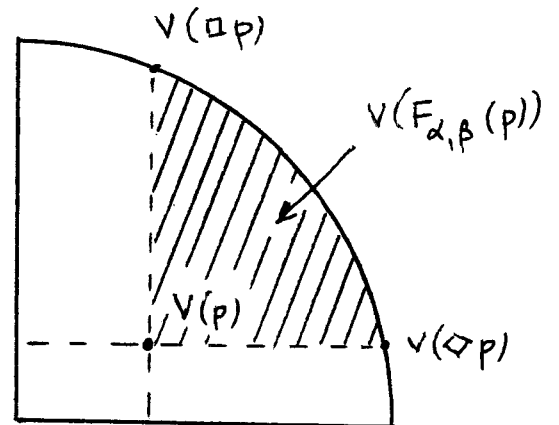


Fig. 5

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